

FLOODING

Are you prepared?



In the Charles River Watershed, our communities are vulnerable to climate change impacts such as flooding, extreme heat and drought!

Flood Risks

Climate change is bringing more intense storms. Extreme rainfall has increased by **71% in New England since 1958**. Total annual precipitation is expected to increase by 1 – 6 inches by 2050.

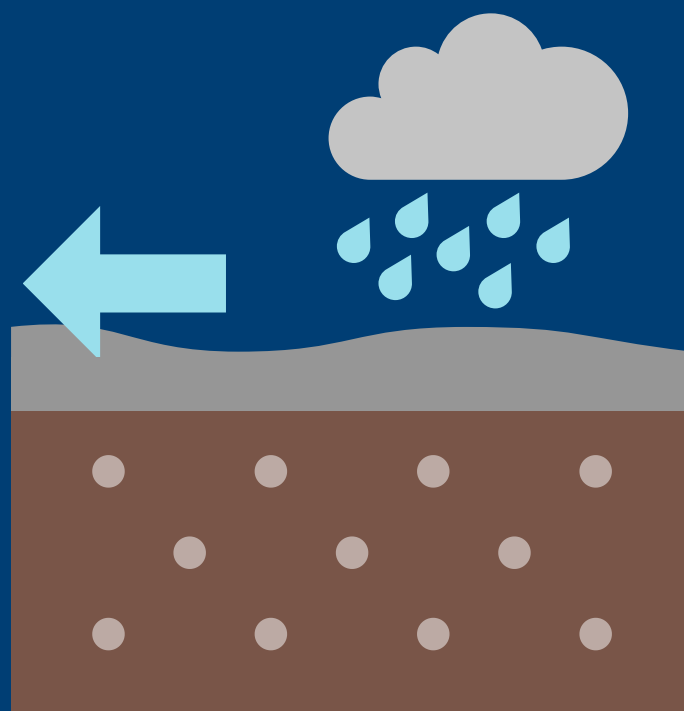
This means more flooding for our neighborhoods, roads, schools, and hospitals.

What Causes Flooding?

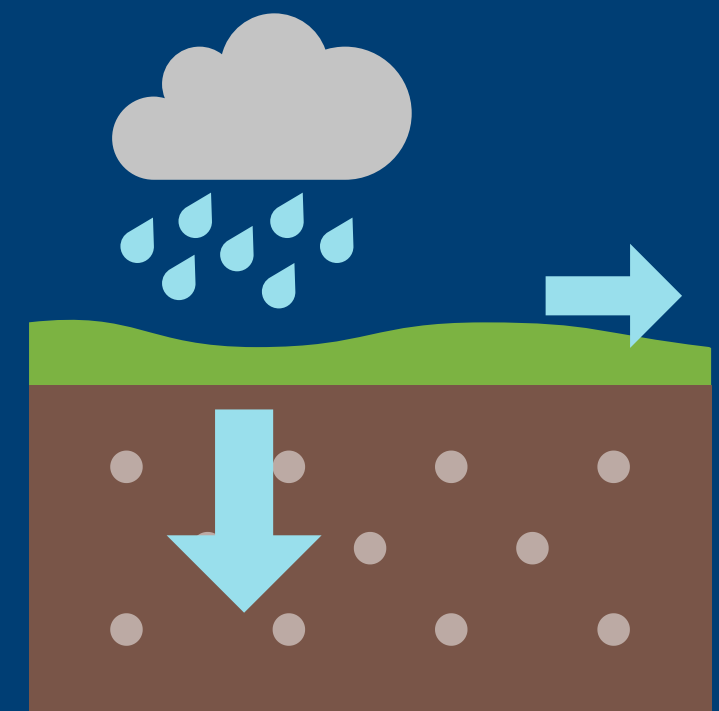
Impervious Surface

VS.

Pervious Surface



Water runs off from street into the river via pipes or causes flooding

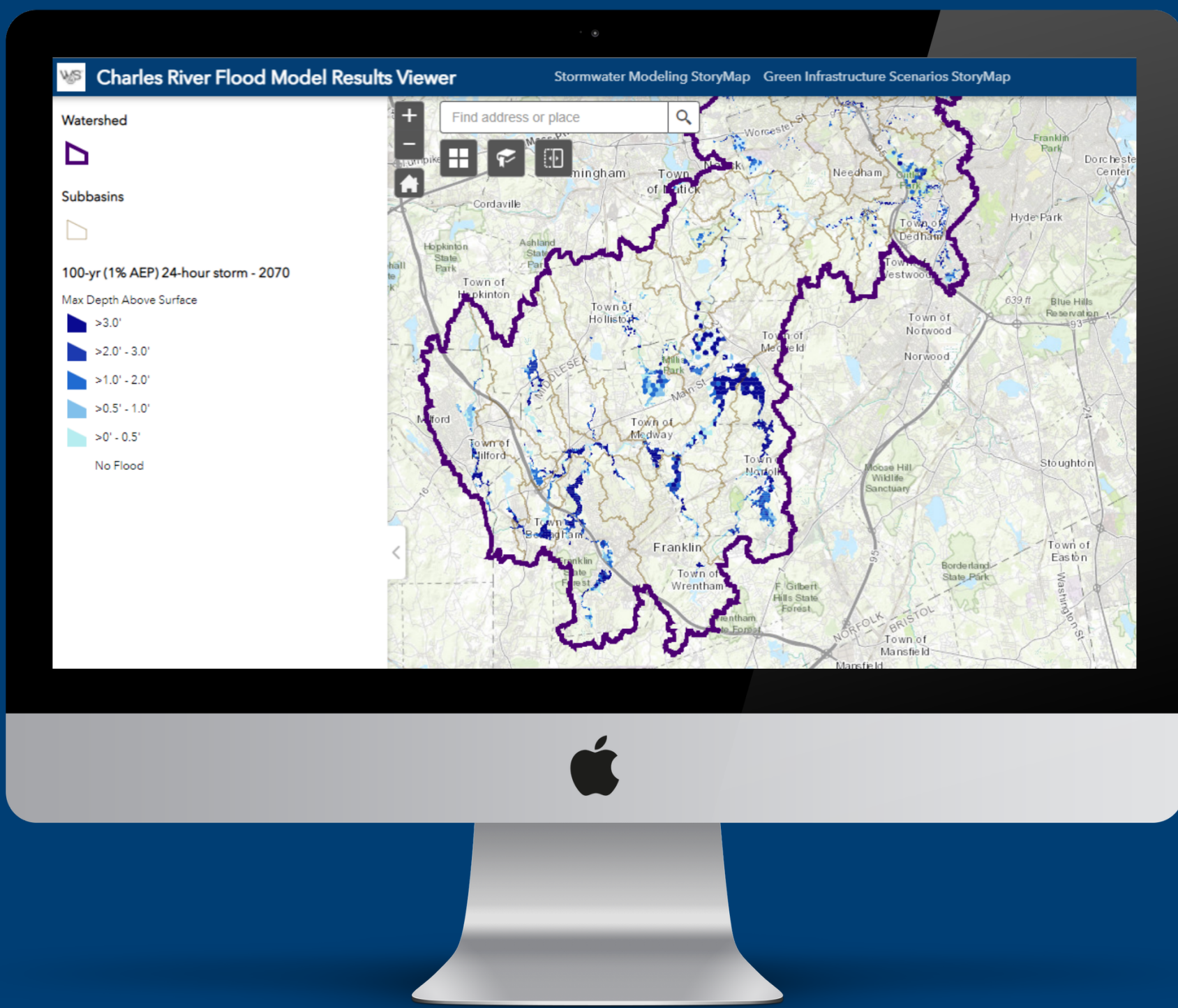


Water is absorbed into the ground and less water runs off into the river

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Are you safe?

The **Charles River Flood Model (CRFM)** was developed by Weston & Sampson in collaboration with Charles River Watershed Association and 23 communities



What is the CRFM?

The CRFM models **flooding impacts** from current and future storm events caused by climate change.

2-year storms

10-year storms

100-year storms

IN THE CHARLES RIVER WATERSHED

Present 2-yr storm
(50% chance of happening any year with current climate)



3.34 inches

Flood 3,186 acres

Impact 33 critical care facilities

The 2070 100-yr storm
(1% chance of happening any year with climate change)



10.37 inches

Flood 8,579 acres

Impact 56 critical care facilities



Scan here to use the CRFM

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Nature-Based Solutions

Nature-Based Solutions (NBS) are

Sustainable management practices or infrastructure using or mimicking natural features and processes that can absorb stormwater

- Protect Wetlands
- Conserve Undeveloped Land
- Maintain/Improve Tree Canopy
- Implement **Green Stormwater Infrastructure**

Green Stormwater Infrastructure (GSI)



Measures that **STORE, FILTER** and **ABSORB** stormwater where it falls & help reduce flooding and pollution runoff into the river

NBS modeled in the CRFM

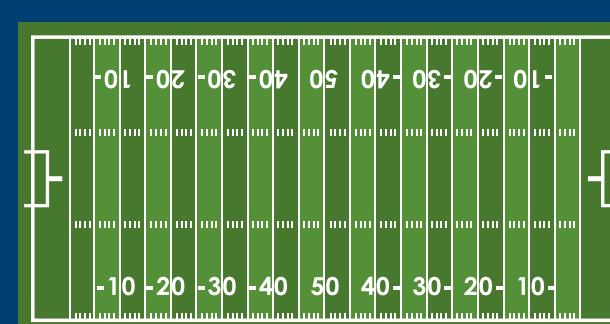
1. Adding GSI across the watershed
2. Installing stormwater storage systems (wetlands, underground filtration)
3. Reducing impervious surface in highly developed areas
4. Planting trees and GSI streets

Scan QR code to **learn more about NBS** modeled in the CRFM and its impacts



Scan QR code or go bit.ly/crwa_survey to take a survey to tell us what kind of NBS you would like to see in your community!

Adding **32,000 acres** of new green stormwater infrastructure treatment systems in the watershed would protect



(equivalent to 24,200 football fields)

hundreds of acres from flooding and reduce flooding depths in many areas of the watershed from the 2070 10-yr storm